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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

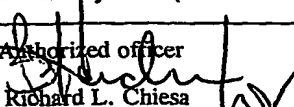
Applicant's or agent's file reference P56907-INT	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/US03/37086	International filing date (day/month/year) 11 December 2003 (11.12.2003)	Priority date (day/month/year) 12 July 2002 (12.07.2002)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC IPC(7): B03C 3/155 and US Cl.: 96/67		
Applicant JAISINGHANI, RAJAN A.		

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 2 sheets, including this cover sheet.
- ☐ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consist of a total of 5 sheets.

3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:

- I ☒ Basis of the report
- II ☐ Priority
- III ☐ Non-establishment of report with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention
- V ☒ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI ☐ Certain documents cited
- VII ☐ Certain defects in the international application
- VIII ☐ Certain observations on the international application

Date of submission of the demand 09 September 2004 (09.09.2004)	Date of completion of this report 27 January 2005 (27.01.2005)
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: IPEA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Authorized officer  Richard L. Chiesa Telephone No. (571) 272-1700

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US03/37086

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*

- ☐ the international application as originally filed.
- ☒ the description:
 pages 1-34 as originally filed
 pages NONE, filed with the demand
 pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.
- ☒ the claims:
 pages 35-36, as originally filed
 pages NONE, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19
 pages NONE, filed with the demand
 pages 37-40, filed with the letter of 03 January 2005 (03.01.2005)
- ☒ the drawings:
 pages 1-23, as originally filed
 pages NONE, filed with the demand
 pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.
- ☐ the sequence listing part of the description:
 pages NONE, as originally filed
 pages NONE, filed with the demand
 pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language _____ which is:

- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☐ contained in the international application in printed form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

4. ☒ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☒ the description, pages NONE
- ☒ the claims, Nos. NONE
- ☒ the drawings, sheets/fig NONE

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US03/37086

V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. STATEMENT

Novelty (N)	Claims <u>1-24</u>	YES
	Claims <u>NONE</u>	NO
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims <u>NONE</u>	YES
	Claims <u>1-24</u>	NO
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims <u>1-24</u>	YES
	Claims <u>NONE</u>	NO

2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Claims 1-24 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Jaisinghani in view of Carr. Jaisinghani (note figures 1-8) shows an electrically enhanced filter apparatus and method of making it substantially as claimed. It would appear that Jaisinghani may not explicitly disclose the presence of first and second electrically conducting grids covering first and second major exteriors of the filter medium. In any case, Carr (note reference characters 26, 28, figures 1-5) teaches the use of electrically conducting grids covering the major exteriors of the filter medium in an electrically enhanced filter apparatus for the purpose of ensuring foreign particle capture (note column 3, lines 34-37). Consequently, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to employ electrically conducting grids covering major portions of the filter medium in the Jaisinghani electrically enhanced filter apparatus and method of making it in order to facilitate the capture and removal of unwanted particles in the air stream as taught by Carr. Contrary to applicant's remarks, both Jaisinghani (note reference character 314, figure 3B) and Carr (note reference character 30, figure 4) show pockets formed by the zig-zag arrangement of the pleated filter mediums just as in applicant's filter device.

Claims 1-24 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4), and thus have industrial applicability because the subject matter claimed can be made or used in the air pollution control industry.

connecting said second grid to said local reference potential.

11. A filter for an electrically enhanced filtering apparatus, comprising:

a layer of a porous filter medium folded into one or more arms forming a pocket with a terminus of said pocket located on a downstream side of said medium and with a base of said pocket open to an upstream side of said apparatus;

a first electrically conducting, perforated grid disposed on an exterior of said medium to cover said downstream side of each of said arms; and

a second electrically conducting, perforated grid electrically separated from said first grid by at least said medium, disposed in geometric conformity to the exterior of each of said arms on an upstream side of said medium, to maintain electrical isolation of said second grid and to allow disposition of said filter to accommodate passage of at least one electrode through said pocket while the electrode is positioned between said terminus and said base, with said second grid spaced-apart from the electrode.

12. The filter of claim 11, comprised of said base exhibiting a linear dimension greater than said thickness.

13. The filter of claim 11, comprised of a distance between said base and said terminus being greater than or equal to a linear dimension exhibited by said base.

14. The filter of claim 11, comprised of a distance between said base and said terminus being not less than a linear dimension exhibited by said base, and said linear dimension being greater than a thickness exhibited by said medium.

15. A filter for an electrically enhanced filtering apparatus, comprising:

a layer of a porous filter medium folded into one or more arms forming a pocket with a terminus of said pocket located on a downstream side of said medium and with a base of said pocket open to an upstream side of said apparatus;

a first electrically conducting, perforated grid disposed on an exterior of said medium to cover said downstream side of each of said arms;

a second electrically conducting, perforated grid electrically separated from

said first grid by at least said medium, disposed in geometric conformity to the exterior of each of said arms on an upstream side of said medium;

an air inlet; and

an electrode spaced-apart from said second grid, positioned between said
5 arms to extend across said air inlet.

16. The filter of claim 11, with said layer further comprised of:

said layer disposed in a plurality of pleats within each of said arms, with said
pleats undulating between said first grid and said second grid.

17. The filter of claim 11, comprised of said layer extending along each of said
10 arms in an elongate linear continuum lying between said first grid and said second grid.

18. The filter of claim 11, further comprised of:

said layer extending along each of said arms in a linear continuum lying
between said first grid and said second grid; and

an electrical insulator maintaining one of said first grid or said second grid
5 physically spaced-apart from said medium.

19. The filter of claim 11, further comprising at least one of said first grid and
said second grid being made of a material selected from a group comprised of carbon,
carbon fibers, fibers coated with carbon, and combinations of at least two of carbon, carbon
fibers, and fibers coated with carbon, printed upon at least one of said first major exterior
0 and said second major exterior of said medium.

20. The filter of claim 11, comprised of said second grid comprising a material
porous to passage of gaseous fluid through said apparatus but partially impervious to
particles borne by the gaseous fluid.

21. A filter for an electrically enhanced filtering apparatus, comprising:

a layer of a porous filter medium folded into one or more arms forming a
pocket with a terminus of said pocket located on a downstream side of said medium and

with a base of said pocket open to an upstream side of said apparatus;

a first electrically conducting, perforated grid disposed on an exterior of a downstream side of each of said arms; and

a second electrically conducting, perforated grid electrically separated from said first grid by at least said medium, disposed in geometric conformity to the exterior of an upstream side of each of said arms, to permit joindure of said filter and the apparatus while maintaining electrical isolation of said second grid and to position said arms on opposite sides of at least one electrode and allow the electrode to extend through said pocket with the electrode located between said terminus and said base while spaced-apart from said second grid.

22. A process of making a filter for an electrically enhanced filtering apparatus, comprised of:

folding a layer of a porous filter medium into one or more arms forming a pocket with a terminus of said pocket located on a downstream side of said medium and with a base of said pocket open to an upstream side of said apparatus;

disposing a first electrically conducting, perforated grid on an exterior of a downstream side of each of said arms; and

disposing a second electrically conducting, perforated grid in electrical separation from said first grid in geometric conformity to the exterior of an upstream side of each of said arms to permit joindure of said filter and the apparatus with said arms positioned on opposite sides of at least one electrode to allow the electrode to extend through said pocket with the electrode located between said terminus and said base while the elctrode maintained during the joindure in electrical separation from said second grid.

23. The process of claim 22, further comprised of selecting at least one of said first grid and said second grid from a group comprised of carbon, carbon fibers, fibers coated with carbon, and combinations of at least two of carbon, carbon fibers, and fibers coated with carbon, printed upon at least one of said first major exterior and said second major exterior of said medium.

24. The process of claim 22, comprised of making said second grid from a

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material porous to passage of gaseous fluid through said apparatus but partially impervious to particles borne by the gaseous fluid.